

Fall 03 Final Exam - Hutchings

9. Either find, or prove that there doesn't exist:

- a) a function f on \mathbb{R}^3 such that $\nabla f = \langle y, x+z \cos y, \sin y \rangle$
 b) a vector field F on \mathbb{R}^3 such that $\nabla \times F = \langle z, y, x \rangle$.

Solution: a) $\nabla f = \langle y, x+z \cos y, \sin y \rangle$.

$$f_x(x, y, z) = y, \quad f_y(x, y, z) = x+z \cos y, \quad f_z(x, y, z) = \sin y$$

$$f(x, y, z) = xy + g(y, z)$$

$$\therefore f_y(x, y, z) = x + g_y(y, z) = x + z \cos y$$

$$\therefore g_y(y, z) = z \sin y + h(z)$$

$$\Rightarrow f(x, y, z) = xy + z \sin y + h(z)$$

$$\therefore f_z(x, y, z) = \sin y + h_z(z) = \sin y$$

$$\therefore h(z) = K$$

$$\boxed{f(x, y, z) = xy + z \sin y + K.}$$

b) If F exists, $\text{div curl } F$ should be 0.

$$\text{curl } F = \nabla \times F = \langle z, y, x \rangle$$

$\text{div curl } F$

$$\therefore \text{div curl } F = \frac{\partial}{\partial x}(z) + \frac{\partial}{\partial y}(y) + \frac{\partial}{\partial z}(x) = 0 + 1 + 0 = \underline{\underline{1}} \neq 0$$

$\therefore F$ does not exist.